

Product name : DMAMP-80™ EUR, 2-Dimethylamino-2-methyl-1-propanol

Issue Date: 04/04/2016

ANGUS CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name DMAMP-80™ EUR, 2-Dimethylamino-2-methyl-1-propanol

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier ANGUS CHEMICAL COMPANY

Address 1500 E. LAKE COOK ROAD
Buffalo Grove IL 60089-6553

Customer Information Number 844-474-9969

E-mail address NAR_CC@ANGUS.COM

Emergency telephone number 800-424-9300

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Additive for paints.
For industrial use.
The ANGUS Chemical Company recommends that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact the Customer Information Group (see Section 1 of this data sheet).

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids Category 4

Acute toxicity (Oral) Category 4

Skin irritation Category 2

Serious eye damage Category 1

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Combustible liquid.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.

Components

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-	7005-47-2	78.0%

propanol		
Water	7732-18-5	20.0%
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol	124-68-5	<= 3.0 %
2-Methylamino-2-methyl-1-propanol	27646-80-6	<= 1.3 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled	Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.
In case of skin contact	Wash off with plenty of water.
If swallowed	Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do not give anything by mouth unless the person is fully conscious.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.
Protection of first-aiders	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.
Notes to physician	Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. No specific antidote. Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if lavage is done. Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog or fine spray. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.
Specific hazards during firefighting	None known.
Hazardous combustion	During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in

products	addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides.
Further information	Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep personnel out of low areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Evacuate area. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures.
Environmental precautions	Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Contain spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling	Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers.
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Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.
Do not swallow.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Avoid breathing vapor or mist.
Use with adequate ventilation.
Keep container closed.
Do not get in eyes.
Avoid contact with skin and clothing.
See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage

Do not store in:
Zinc.
Galvanized containers.
Aluminum.
Copper.
Copper alloys.
Store in a cool, dry place.
Store in original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Engineering measures

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.
Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.
In misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators:
Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2.

Hand protection

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Chlorinated polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Viton. Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Avoid gloves

made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection	Use chemical goggles.
Skin and body protection	Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Liquid.
Color	White to brown
Odor	Ammoniacal
Odor Threshold	No test data available
pH	11.6 Method: Literature (0.1 M in water)
Melting point/range	-20 °C (-4 °F) Method: Literature
Freezing point	-20 °C (-4 °F) Method: Literature
Boiling point/boiling range	98 °C (208 °F) Method: Literature
Flash point	67 °C (153 °F) Method: Tag Closed Cup ASTM D56 Test Type: closed cup
Evaporation rate	No test data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available.
Upper explosion limit	No test data available
Lower explosion limit	No test data available
Vapor Pressure	5.40 mmHg (25 °C) Method: EC Method A4 Anhydrous

Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	4 Method: Literature
Relative density	≥ 0.95 (25 °C) Method: Literature
Water solubility	Method: Literature Miscible with water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 0.09 (20 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 or Equivalent Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Auto-ignition temperature	318 °C Method: EC Method A15 Anhydrous
Decomposition temperature	No test data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	60 cS Method: Literature
Explosive properties	No data available.
Oxidizing properties	No data available.
Molecular weight	No test data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.
Incompatible materials	Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong oxidizers. Nitrites. Avoid contact with metals such as: Zinc. Galvanized metals.

Copper alloys.
Aluminum.
Copper.
Avoid unintended contact with:
Halogenated hydrocarbons.

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity

Remarks: Low toxicity if swallowed.
Swallowing may result in irritation or burns of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

LD50 (Rat, male): 1,768 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat, female): 1,656 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

Remarks: At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility.
Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

LC50 (Rat): > 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h

Test atmosphere: vapour

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

Remarks: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

LD50

(Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Rat, male): 1,768 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat, female): 1,656 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50 (Rat): > 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h

Test atmosphere: vapour
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Result: Skin irritation

Remarks: Brief contact may cause severe skin irritation with pain and local redness.

Remarks: Not classified as corrosive to the skin according to DOT guidelines.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Result: Skin irritation

Remarks: Brief contact may cause severe skin irritation with pain and local redness.

Remarks: Not classified as corrosive to the skin according to DOT guidelines.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Result: Corrosive

Remarks: May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Remarks: For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks: For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Remarks: Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks: For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

No relevant data found.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

No relevant data found.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

NTP

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Teratogenicity

Product

In a screening study in rats, 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol hydrochloride salt was toxic to the fetus when administered at high oral doses. However, this material did not cause birth defects or any other effects on the fetus when high doses were administered dermally, the most likely route of exposure, in a definitive rat developmental toxicity study.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

In a screening study in rats, 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol hydrochloride salt was toxic to the fetus when administered at high oral doses. However, this material did not cause birth defects or any other effects on the fetus when high doses were administered dermally, the most likely route of exposure, in a definitive rat developmental toxicity study.

Mutagenicity

Product

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

No relevant data found.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

No relevant data found.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment: Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Assessment: Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Remarks: For the minor component(s):
In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:
Liver.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Remarks: In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:
For the minor component(s):
Liver.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Aspiration Hazard	Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.
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Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

	LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 230 mg/l Exposure time: 96.0 h Test Type: static test
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (water flea Daphnia magna): 170.00 mg/l Exposure time: 48.0 h Test Type: static test
Toxicity to algae	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 390 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to bacteria	EC50 (Bacteria): 440 mg/l Exposure time: 16 h

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Toxicity to fish	Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 230 mg/l Exposure time: 96.0 h Test Type: static test
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (water flea Daphnia magna): 170.00 mg/l Exposure time: 48.0 h Test Type: static test
Toxicity to algae	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 390 mg/l End point: Growth rate inhibition Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to bacteria	EC50 (Bacteria): 440 mg/l End point: Respiration rates. Exposure time: 16 h

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability	Remarks: Substance exhibits potential to biodegrade in the environment, but has not passed OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation: 8 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail
ThOD	2.870 mg/mg
Photodegradation	Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis) Sensitiser: OH radicals Rate constant: Degradation half life: 0.15 d Method: Estimated.

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

ThOD 2.870 mg/mg

Photodegradation Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitiser: OH radicals
Rate constant: Degradation half life: 0.15 d
Method: Estimated.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water log Pow: 0.09 (20 °C)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 or Equivalent
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water log Pow: 0.09
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 or Equivalent
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Mobility in soil

Product:

Distribution among environmental compartments Koc: 219
Method: OECD 121: HPLC Method
Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Distribution among environmental compartments Koc: 219
Method: OECD 121: HPLC Method
Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500).

Other adverse effects

Product:

Ozone-Depletion Potential	Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I Substances Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).
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Components:

2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
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Ozone-Depletion Potential	Remarks: no data available
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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. Landfill. ANGUS HAS NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL.
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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulation

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

49 CFR (DOT) – NON BULK

Not regulated as a dangerous good

49 CFR (DOT) - BULK

UN/ID/NA number	NA 1993
Proper shipping name	COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol)
Class	CBL
Packing group	III
ERG Code	128
Marine pollutant	no

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazards This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards Fire Hazard
Acute Health Hazard
Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 302 No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Air Act

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 12 (40 CFR 61).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMII Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489).

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

US State Regulations

Massachusetts Right To Know

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Cas No.	Component
124-68-5	2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol

New Jersey Right To Know

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of New Jersey law:

Cas No.	Component
7005-47-2	2-(Dimethylamino)-2-methyl-1-propanol

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

United States TSCA Inventory
All Components OK

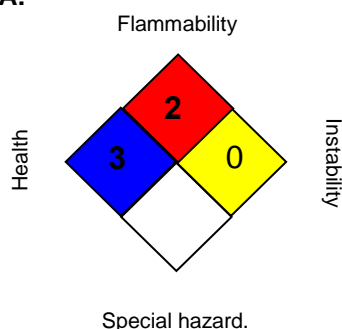
Remarks:

2-Methylamino-2-methyl-1-propanol is considered an impurity in this product and is therefore not required to be specifically listed on certain chemical control inventories such as TSCA.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA:



HMIS III:

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	2
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0

0 = not significant, 1 =Slight,
2 = Moderate, 3 = High
4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

Revision Date 04/04/2016
Version 1.1

Identification Number: 000040000139

US / EN

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Full text of other abbreviations

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying

Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; DOT - Department of Transportation; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; NTP - National Toxicology Program; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods